# Rainbows Ireland: Consent for Children's Participation in Peer Support Information Handout for Parents & Guardians

#### What Is Consent?

Consent means giving permission for your child to take part in a service. For children under 16, a legal guardian must provide consent for them to join Rainbows Ireland peer support groups.

## Who Are Legal Guardians?

Under Irish law:

- Married parents are both legal guardians.
- Unmarried mothers are automatically legal guardians.
- Unmarried fathers may be legal guardians if:
  - Named on the birth certificate (after January 2016),
  - Have signed a **statutory declaration** with the mother,
  - Or have obtained a **court order**.

### Is Consent from Both Guardians Needed?

According to HSE policy:

- One guardian's consent is usually enough, as long as there is no known dispute between guardians.
- This is based on the Child Care Acts 1991 and 2001, which prioritise the child's welfare.
- The assumption is that the service is being offered in the child's best interests.

#### Respecting the Child's Voice

Even if a child cannot legally give consent:

- Their views should be listened to.
- Older children may be able to **assent** (agree) to take part.

 Children should be involved in decisions in a way that suits their age and understanding.

## What If Consent Is Unclear or Disputed?

If:

- One guardian cannot be contacted, or
- There is a disagreement between guardians,

Professionals may still proceed if:

- The service is clearly in the child's best interests,
- There is no evidence of conflict or legal restrictions,
- The child would benefit from timely access to support.

## **Summary for Parents**

- One guardian's consent is usually sufficient.
- Both guardians should be involved where possible.
- Children's voices matter and should be respected.
- The child's wellbeing is always the top priority.

## References

- 1. National Consent Advisory Group (NCAG) Documents HSE.ie
- 2. Microsoft Word NCAG Consent Doc Parts One and Two